## BRAZILIAN OEM AUTOPARTS SCENARIO

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\begin{array}{cl}
\text { Purposes } \quad \checkmark \text { measure the Brazilian automotive market and to evaluate the market trends } \\
& \checkmark \text { map the current OEM Brazilian autoparts industry and evaluate its evolution } \\
\\
& \checkmark \text { underline the key factors for a foreign autoparts company coming in Brazil }
\end{array}
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Target $\quad \checkmark$ foreign autoparts companies for developing OEM business in Brazil

## Presentation Summary

1. Global automotive market forecast

- Worldwide forecast (2012-2016)
- South America forecast (2013-2017)

2. Brazilian automotive outlines - 2012

- Automotive macro data
- Investments for automotive
- Autovehicles production \& sales
- Autovehicles import / export
- Carmakers ranking
- Carmakers plants (current and new entries)

3. Brazilian automotive market trends

- Sales \& production trends
- Main key factors
- Brazilian forecast (2013-2017)

4. Brazilian autoparts industry - 2012

- Autoparts industry performance
- Sales \& investments
- Companies profile
- Autoparts import / export \& trade balance
- Aftermarket
- Financial indices
- Main key factors

5. Foreign autoparts suppliers coming in Brazil

- Opportunities
- Barriers
- Business models
- Needed profiles

6. Debriefing

- Conclusions
- Questions \& Answers


## 1. Global automotive market forecast

- Worldwide forecast (2012-2016)
- South America forecast (2013-2017)

1 - Global automotive market forecast
Worldwide forecast (2012-2016)



Worlwide production (million units)




> According to IHS, the segmentation of the South America production in 2013-2017 will be as shown at the side, where:

- A segment + 115\% up to 0,8 million units in 2017
- B segment + 15\% up to 3,1 million units in 2017
- C segment + 36\% up to 1,6 million units in 2017
- Others $+19 \%$ up to 0,2 million units in 2017



## 2. Brazilian automotive outlines - 2012

- Automotive macro data
- Investments for automotive
- Autovehicles production \& sales
- Autovehicles import / export
- Carmakers ranking
- Carmakers plants (current and new entries)
- ANFAVEA members
- AGCO do BRASIL
- AGRALE
- CAOA Hyundai

- CATERPILLAR BRASIL
- CNH LATIN AMERICA
- DAF PACCAR
- FIAT AUTOMOVEIS
- FORD MOTOR COMPANY
- GENERAL MOTORS do BRASIL
- HONDA AUTOMOVEIS do BRASIL
- HYUNDAI MOTOR BRASIL
- INTERNATIONAL
- IVECO LATIN AMERICA
- JOHN DEERE BRASIL
- KARMANN GHIA
- KOMATSU do BRASIL
- MAHINDRA Bramont
- MAN LATIN AMERICA
- MERCEDES-BENZ do BRASIL
- MITSUBISHI - MMC do BRASIL
- NISSAN do BRASIL
- PEUGEOT CITROEN do BRASIL
- RENAULT do BRASIL
- SCANIA LATIN AMERICA
- TOYOTA do BRASIL
- VALTRA do BRASIL
- VOLKSWAGEN do BRASIL
- VOLVO do BRASIL



## > Companies

- 28 carmakers with 58 plants
- over 500 autoparts main industries
- over 5100 dealers
- sectorial $\approx 200.000$ companies


## > Production capacity

- Autovehicles: 4,5 million
- Agricultural: 110 thousand
> Economics
- Revenues: US\$ 107 billion
- GDP share: 5\% x total \& 21\% x industrial
- Tributes generation: US\$ 25 billion
- Foreign market: export: US\$ 23 billion - import: US\$ 33 billion
- Investments: US\$ 68 billion
- Employment: 1,5 million people


## Fleet

- over 38 million vehicles operating
- with a ratio of 5 habitants per vehicles (being $U S=1,2$ and Europe $=1,8$ )
- with an average fleet age of 8,8 years:
up to 5 years old
6 to 15 years old 16 to 20 years old over 20 years old



The investments planned in $2013 \div 2015$ would be significantly higher, mainly for:

- Carmakers: new plants or capacity improvement \& new vehicles
- Autoparts: capacity improvement \& new products
- New plants of new foreign carmakers and suppliers (mainly from China)

2 - Brazilian automotive market outlines - 2012
Autovehicles production \& sales


## WORLDWIDE AUTOMOTIVE RANKING

- $7^{\text {th }}$ producer
- $4^{\text {th }}$ domestic market


## 2 - Brazilian automotive market outlines - 2012

Autovehicles production \& sales

HISTORICAL SALES (million units)
and CAGR (Compounded Annual Growth Rate)


After years of good growth, the sales slowed down considerably since 2011

## REASONS FOR CURRENT MARKET WEAKNESSES



However, the 2013 first half was the historical best half, with a sale of 1.8 million units, $4.8 \%$ more than in the same period of last year.


> The balance continues to worsen, confirming such trend since 2008.
> The import was supported by the success of the Korean and Chinese vehicles and of the SUV's.
$>$ The export was supported mainly by the sales in Latin America.
The negative balance was one of the main factor of the production downturn in 2012

$>$ Fiat + VW + GM (the "Big Threes") together account for $62 \%$ of sales (it was $75 \%$ in 2006).
> Fiat confirms its leadership in sales for the $11^{\text {th }}$ consecutive year.
> VW Gol is the best-selling "car family" (and the VW Gol hatch is the best-seller car for the $25^{\text {th }}$ consecutive year).

2-Brazilian automotive market outlines - 2012


> FIAT + VW + GM (the "Big Threes") together account for 69\% of cars production (75\% in 2006).
$>$ MAN + MERCEDES + FORD together account for 70\% of trucks \& bus production (76\% in 2006).
> Note the merge, occurred in end 2008, of the trucks \& bus operations between MAN and VW.

2 - Brazilian automotive market outlines - 2012
Carmakers plants (current and new entries)



## 3. Brazilian automotive market trends

- Automotive Sales \& Production trends
- Main key factors
- Brazilian forecast (2013-2017)

The future growth of the Brazilian automotive industry is based on three fundamental trends

## 1 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The GDP in Brazil will return to former growth, mainly driven by stable inflation and controlled interest rates

3 MEGA-EVENTS \& MEGA-CONSTRUCTIONS
The upcoming events (like World Football Cup and
 Olympic Games) and energy and infrastructure investments will increase demand in the next years

2 INCREASING SPENDEABLE INCOME
The positive economic development will increase the number of households that can afford to buy a car


AUTOMOTIVE SPENDING POWER (million households) ${ }^{2)}$


[^0]
## 3 - Brazilian automotive market trends <br> Main key factors


$>$ High and strongly increasing labour cost.
> Lower productivity as other automotive Countries.
> High cost of "doing business in Brazil", like energy, logistics, bureaucracy, taxes, ...
(the so-called "custo Brasil"):

> Unfavourable exchange rate.
> Heavy burden on import taxes and significantly complex operations for importing.
> Uncertainties about the solidity of the real economy in the coming years.





## 4. Brazilian autoparts industry - 2012

- Autoparts industry performance
- Sales \& investments
- Companies profile
- Autoparts import / export \& trade balance
- Aftermarket
- Financial indices
- Main key factors

4 - Brazilian autoparts industry - 2012
Autoparts industry performance
> Companies
> Economics

- over 500 companies associated to SINDIPEÇAS ${ }^{1)}$ and ABIPEÇAS ${ }^{2}$
- over 700 autoparts main plants
- sectorial $\approx 200.000$ companies
- Revenues: US\$ 42 billion
- 69\% assemblers OEM's
- 15\% aftermarket
- 9\% export
- 7\% intrassetorial
- Foreign market:
- export: US\$ 10,4 billion
- import: US $\mathbf{1 6 , 3}$ billion
- Investments: US\$ 1,9 billion (4,5\% on sales)
- Employment: total 218 thousand people
- hourly workers: 142 thousand people
- white collars: 76 thousand people

2012 SALES PER DESTINATION



EMPLOYEES (thousand workers)

> OEM autoparts market forecast, without export ( $R \$$ billion)
+18\%

4 - Brazilian autoparts industry - 2012
Sales \& investments


INVESTMENTS

> The national industry is losing strength and is reacting by investing more

2012 investments: US\$ 1,9 billion

Only 22 autoparts companies achieve each one a net revenue higher than US\$ 100 million:


Just 5 of the first 22 companies are controlled by national capital (\# 11-12-13-19-22)

## 4 - Brazilian autoparts industry - 2012

Companies profile
Number of companies by level of revenues


Revenues of small and medium sized companies are shrinking, while large companies grow.


Classifying small / medium / large sized companies using the usual thresholds of 10 and 50 US\$ million of revenues, the companies distribution is rather balanced.


## 4 - Brazilian autoparts industry - 2012

Companies profile
Distribution by employees number



Classifying small / medium / large sized companies using the usual thresholds of 50 and 500 employees, the medium companies are more than half.
Note that only 6,5\% are companies with more than 2000 employees.

> With the global crisis in 2008, Brazil became the destination for autoparts produced abroad, such as Germany, China and Korea, which worsened in later years reaching negative balance of US\$ 5,8 billion in 2012.
> Recently the Brazilian Government launched a new automotive regime, favoring a higher content of local components.

List of the first 20 origins:

representing 93\% of the total importations


List of the first 20 destinations:




## AFTERMARKET CHARACTERISTICS

$>$ Despite the growing of the OES share, the aftermarket continues to be dominated by the IAMs.
$>$ The data above are referred to the "official scenario", but there is a big "parallel independent" market, which size is estimated by other sources in up to the double than the official data. Such parallel market is supplied by small local producers and by imported parts (mainly from Far East).
> Sizing figure: 35.000 retailers, 120.000 workshops and 1 million direct employees.

NOTE: Financial indices
The following informations have been elaborated by ROMA from public sources and also using data from an economical and financial study accomplished by Serasa Experian, who analysed the combined financial statements in US dollars, from 2009 to 2011, of 277 main companies associated to Sindipeças and Abipeças, representing around 50\% of the total gross revenues in 2011.

The following data are showed:

- Production cost structure
- Profit \& Loss
- Profit on sales
- Financial figures
Financial indices
RONSMATAG



## Financial indices

## FINANCIAL FIGURES

INVESTMENTS


LOAN \& FINANCING


WORKING CAPITAL NEEDS


NET TOTAL DEBT


| average inventory | 2010 | 2011 | average period | 2010 | 2011 | average period | 2010 | 2011 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| turnover | 50 days | 48 days | SALES COLLECTION | 47 days | 45 days | PURCHASES PAYMENT | 56 days | 55 days |

## 4 - Brazilian autoparts industry - 2012

Main key factors

## KEY PRODUCTS EVOLUTION

- QUALITY PRODUCTS

Products performance and reliability more and more aligned to the international standards.

- LEGISLATION

Safety and pollution rules will progressively reach the US / European standards.

- PRODUCT TRENDS

New products share increases, like:

- ABS at $100 \%$ of production in 2014 (today is $60 \%$ )
- Air-bag at $100 \%$ of production in 2014 (today is $60 \%$ )
- Air conditioning at more than $90 \%$ of production in 2016 (today is 75\%)
- Electrical power steering will increase significantly in the next years (negligible today)
- Engine downsizing and turbo chargers starting from 2016
- Automatic and AMT transmissions will increase significantly in the next years
- Infotainment and GPS's systems will increase significantly in the next years
- ...

Main key factors

## COMPANIES PROFILE EVOLUTION

Local automotive suppliers have to prepare for the expected growth and at the same time increase efficiency in their operations.

- GROWTH
- Consider the impact of new local content requirements
- Handle increasing products and technologies specifications and requirements
- Prepare for the expected growth in production volumes
- EFFICIENCY
- Price pressure from OEMs
- Compensate high increases in labour and other factors cost
- Keep indirect structures lean to not harm profitability
- Define the right industrial footprint


## COMPETITION

- CURRENT SCENARIO

The local supplier park is one of the widest, where are competing American, European and Asian global suppliers, besides the Brazilians.
Such global suppliers also tend to provide their non-traditional customers.

- NEW COMPETITORS

The new incomings OEMs are bringing their home suppliers to Brazil, further increasing local competition.
Such new "home suppliers" need to extend the local customer base, to achieve reasonable size and profitability.

- PRICE PRESSURE

Increasing production cost cannot be passed on to OEMs.
The imported parts, from low-cost countries, define the market price.

- OEMs POLICY

The main OEMs are focusing suppliers with the following profile:

- international suppliers with a local reasonable size
- certified suppliers: at least ISO14001 (mandatory) and ISO16949 (recommended)
- good quality performance together with high competitiveness


## 5. Foreign autoparts suppliers coming in Brazil

- Opportunities
- Barriers
- Business models
- Needed profiles
- MARKET GROWTH

The automotive suppliers market, without export, will growth up to $15 \%$ per year in the next five years.


2005200620072008200920102011201220132014201520162017

- NEW SUPPLIERS

OEMs are available to insert new suppliers, if competitive.
The higher renovation speed of the vehicles models allows to new suppliers participating in bids for new products.

- IMPORTED PARTS

Possibility to supply imported parts, despite the customs barriers, for "niche" products.
"Niche" products:

- technologies not available in Brazil
- high competitiveness (= price)
- global components, supplied also outside Brazil

5. Foreign autoparts suppliers coming in Brazil

- CULTURAL DIFFERENCES
- CUSTOM BARRIERS \& IMPORT PROCEDURES
- LOGISTICS \& SERVICES PROVIDERS
- LOCALIZATION \& PROXIMITY TO THE CUSTOMER
- COMPETITIVENESS vs. "CUSTO BRASIL"
- START-UP TIMING vs. BUREAUCRAZY


## TWO DIFFERENT BUSINESS MODELS

can be planned for autoparts suppliers coming in Brazil, depending of the nature and the target of each supplier.

## A) MAIN MANUFACTURING BASE KEPT ABROAD

- Market analysis to identify the business opportunities.
- Constitution of a local company, together with a Brazilian entity (person or company) who will be the legal representative.
Such local company will be "commercial \& importing".
- Implantation of the organisation of such local company, with:
- commercial structure,
- technical services for pre/after-sales,
- quality services,
- logistic structure,
- administration services.
- Start-up of import and distribution operations.
- Depending on the nature of the imported products, gradually the local structure may carry out some additional technical operations, using Brazilian subcontracted suppliers, if any.

The two models above can be complementary
B) MAIN MANUFACTURING BASE WILL BE LOCALIZED

- Market analysis to identify the business opportunities
- Constitution of a local company, together with a Brazilian entity (person or company) who will be the legal representative.
Such local company can be "service provider".
- Implantation of the organisation of such local company, with commercial and administration services.
- Plan for the establishment of local manufacturing base, which can be realized in two alternative workarounds:
- own investment, with resources and competences from the headquarter; or
- partnership with a Brazilian company, with homogeneous skills and productive means.
- Structuring the operating organization, alone or with the local partner.
- Start-up of the local operations, eventually using some semi-finished components coming from the headquarter.

5. Foreign autoparts suppliers coming in Brazil

Business models


## > TECHNOLOGIES \& PRODUCTS

- Due to the high local competition, a differential in products or technologies should be provided, in order to offer a real competitive edge to the customer.
- At least, a high competence/experience in the automotive supply should be demonstrable, together with a good competitiveness.


## > MANUFACTURING

- Regarding the offered products, the involved manufacturing technologies should be dominated internally.


## > QUALITY \& AFTER-SALES SERVICE

- A best-in-class quality's organisation and results should be demonstrable in the headquarter organization, together with the willing to transfer the same standards in Brazil.
> COMMERCIAL \& PRE-SALES SERVICE
- A local organization should be built up in Brazil, together with an effective support system from the headquarter.
- An efficient organization for offers elaboration should be planned, in order to assure quick and professional answers.


## > LOGISTICS

- The local logistics should be suited to handle rapid delivery systems, like "Just In Time" or "Milk Run".
- For imported components, a local warehouse should be planned, in order to ensure a local stock for contingency.

5. Foreign autoparts suppliers coming in Brazil

## - ADMINISTRATION

- Due to the complexity of the Brazilian procedures and bureaucracy, a competent organisation should be locally planned. with en efficient link with the headquarter.
- In general, the Brazilian is not a good administrator. So it is necessary to pay attention to the financial and operating management.


## > PLANNING THE BUSINESS

- Business planning and market informations is one of the major factors for the success of the project, together with the obvious competitiveness.
- A recent study, made by IPBT (Instituto Brasileiro de Planejamento Tributário) on the recent companies of all sectors, showed that $15 \%$ of companies closed in the first year and $42 \%$ in the first five years of life, caused by:
- 42\% lack of planning and market information
- 17\% tax complexity and bureaucraticy
- 15\% difficult to access credit and financial investments
- $12 \%$ high cost and complex management
- 7\% quarrels between the partners


## > CULTURE

- Brazil is a complicated country to do business, with its habits and rules that newcomings must understand and assimilate quickly.
- Newcomings should be:
- open mind and flexible in decision making and operational processes
- open to adapt to different management and negotiation methods
- available to adapt to different operating speeds
- able to enter into the local mentality and make good use of it
- determined and focused to the result, but patient
- well organized and planned


## 6. Debriefing

- Conclusions
- Questions \& Answers

6. Debriefing

## Foreign autoparts suppliers coming in Brazil

## $+$

- Brazilian automotive market continues to grow, sustained by good economic outlook.
- The local autoparts market will grow even more.
- OEMs privilege international suppliers with reasonable size and high competitiveness.
- Quality levels are aligning to international standards.
- Good opportunities for newcomings to enter Brazil.
- Brazilian government is acting to promote local production.
- Wide competition and high pressure on costs / prices.
- Doing business in Brazil is not easy (but 72\% of sales is made by foreign-controlled suppliers).

6. Debriefing


[^0]:    Source: ROLAND BERGER - FMI - BANCO CENTRAL - IBGE

